

#### Accueil - Welkom - Welcome

# Bridging the Gap: Working together to tackle invasive non-native species in Europe RINSE Closing Conference

23<sup>rd</sup> September 2014 OPEN, Norwich





Non-native Species in Europe www.rinse-europe.eu

### RINSE



 RINSE – Reducing the Impact of Nonnative Species in Europe

 Project began in January 2012 and concludes in September 2014



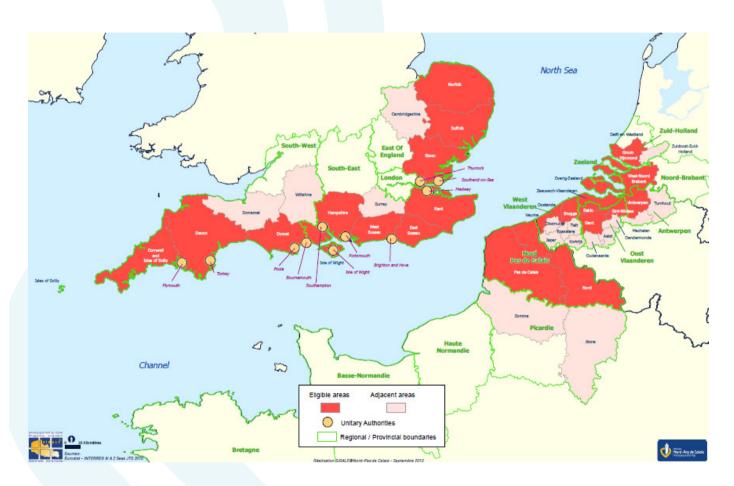


#### The project has three primary aims:

- Developing cross-border tools to improve prioritisation and targeting of IAS, so that scarce resources can be directed towards the species and sites of greatest concern;
- Enhancing capacity to address INS within a range of target stakeholders;
- Developing new approaches and best practices for the management of INS, by delivering field trials and demonstration projects.

### RINSE and The Two Seas;

RINSE is being delivered through the framework of the Interreg IVA Two Seas programme with support of ERDF

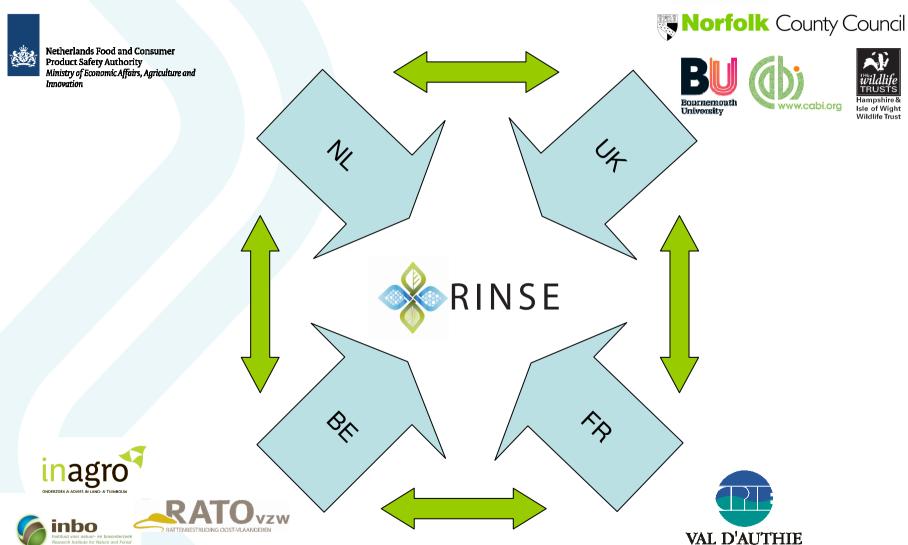




RINSE

### RINSE Partnership







#### Key Activities;



## RINSE is being delivered through three primary Work Packages: **Targeting & Prioritisation**;

- A registry of current INS in the Two Seas Area
- Horizon scanning for future potential INS
- Establishing our management priorities in this region

#### **Training & Awareness Raising**;

- Involving the public in surveying/recording INS
- Specially-designed communications materials and training programmes for different target audiences
- Develop & test the use of smartphone app to record INS
- Further develop and promote the Q-Bank online

#### Field Trials & Demonstration Projects;

- Test novel methods to manage INS
- Projects to demonstrate effective management methods
- A range of activities to communicate best practice management techniques to relevant stakeholders across the Two Seas Area (ie. Best Practice Workshops, Case Studies, scientific papers etc)

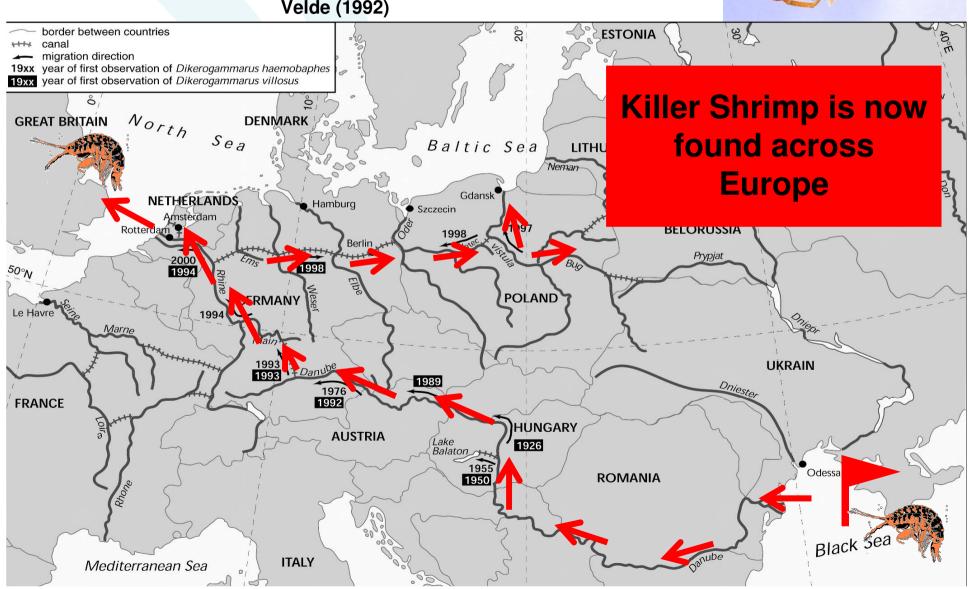
## Why do we need a crossborder approach?



- INS do not respect national boundaries, and need to be tackled at a strategic level.
- For control of INS to be effective we need member state governments, and stakeholders, to collaborate with one another to shut off pathways of spread, share knowledge, and work across borders to deliver more effective campaigns (to manage INS and increase awareness).

## Migration patterns of Dikerogammarus villosus

Bij de Vaate, K. Jazdzewski, H.A.M. Ketelaars, S. Gollasch, and G. Van der Velde (1992)



## Muntjac and Mink Work Exchange







## Muntjac and Mink Work Exchange







## Egyptian goose







## Egyptian goose











## Australian swamp stonecrop





## Closing Conference



- Sessions mirror the primary Work Packages of the RINSE project
- External 'keynote' speaker to introduce each theme before a selection of case studies of work carried out as a part of the RINSE project
- We hope you enjoy it!

